

## Mammal Images Library Committee

**Committee Members:** B. Blood, K. M. Everson, E. J. Finck (Business Manager), C. P. Groves, L. Hall, L. E. Harding, M. E. Hopton, D. G. Huckaby (Chair), B. Huffman, J. Kulahci, J. A. Lackey, L. L. Master, J. S. Scheibe, B. P. Tanis, B. M. Zinke.

### Mission:

The American Society of Mammalogists first established the Mammal Slide Library in 1977 to provide low-cost slides of mammals principally for educational purposes (Gill and Wozencraft, 1994). The name change to Mammal Image Library reflected changes in ways images of mammals are now stored and accessed. The Mammal Images Library is a nonprofit educational program of the American Society of Mammalogists with the goal of providing images of mammals for use in education worldwide. At the start of 2012, the library contained over 1,700 digital images representing 28 of 29 orders, 125 of 153 families, and 1,038 of 5,416 species recognized in Wilson and Reeder (2005). The images also represent all continents. More than 110,000 images are in use in more than 50 countries. In addition to optical projection for nonprofit instruction, many of the images may be employed (with permission) for other purposes, including commercial uses.

### Information Items:

(1) The primary focus of the MIL Committee remains making images available to individual users and organizations. The table below compares the number of images sent and other information for the past eleven years. The numbers of images sent do not include those low-resolution images downloaded directly from the library on the ASM website, of which we have no record. Signed copies of the 2014 Business Report were sent to the ASM treasurer.

(2) The MIL collection consists both of images digitized from 35 mm slides (at a resolution of 4000 dpi) and those taken originally as digital images of various resolutions. A lower-resolution preview of each image of generally 660 x 440 pixels, suitable for some projection or web use, is available on the MIL web page (<http://www.mammalogy.org/image-library>) free of charge and without requiring permission. A copy of the higher resolution image, with or without the label (layer), is available upon request for most of the library. We usually charge a royalty fee of \$50 each for commercial usage but normally only a handling fee of \$5 for each high resolution image sent for non-commercial purposes.

(3) During 2014, we added 625 new images to the MIL collection. Among these are 8 families, 47 genera, and 128 species new to the collection (see page 3), which brings the respective totals to 136, 661, and 1256. The new images include one genus and three species described new since Wilson and Reeder (2005).

(4) The Committee initiated a program during 2012 of requesting the photographers who supply images for the cover of the *Journal of Mammalogy* and those used in the *Mammalian Species*

*Accounts* to contribute them to the library. Some have complied.

(5) Starting in 2012, we have provided weekly “mammal image of the week” postings for ASM’s Facebook, Google+, and Twitter (search for #WeeklyMammal and #ASM\_image on our social media accounts).

(6) Since about the end of 2010, the taxonomy and nomenclature used in the library followed Wilson and Reeder 2005, *Mammal Species of the World*, with more recent revisions mentioned as part of the description of the image. During 2014, the Committee decided to bring the taxonomy and nomenclature of the library up to date, following recent revisions. Although making these changes will remain on-going, by the end of 2014 all orders except Primates and Artiodactyla had been updated. Because most of the newer taxonomy consists of recognizing families, genera, and species formally synonymized, these changes resulted in increasing the count of these taxa in the collection without actually adding new images.

(7) At the end of 2014, the MIL collection lacked images of one order, 15 families, and ca. 75% of the 5500+ species (pages 4-8 below) recognized in Wilson and Reeder (2005) or later authorities. We encourage all interested parties to consider contributing their high-quality images to the MIL. Please take a few minutes to review our holdings on the MIL web page (<http://www.mammalogy.org/committees/mammal-images-library#tab3>) to determine if some images from your personal collection could improve the scope and quality of the collection. Anyone interested in submitting images should contact the Committee Chair.

(8) The Committee thanks Fort Hays State University for supporting the Business Office of the Mammal Images Library and for funding student support.

(9) During 2014, Kathryn M. Everson and Lucas Hall joined the Committee.

(10) On 12 June 2012, the Committee transferred 90% of its funds (\$6,400) to the general fund of the ASM. Although in the past the Committee operated somewhat independently from the ASM board, future expenditures will be authorized by the Board of Directors as they are for other committees. The greatly reduced account balance shown below reflects that transfer.

Year	Images Sent	Gross Income	Expenses	Net Income	End of year account balance
2004	322	3045.40	2538.14	321.51	15,251.28
2005	183	566.65	1352.13	-785.48	14,465.80
2006	82	710.00	5975.59	-5265.59	9,200.21
2007	86	0.00	2693.31	-2693.31	6,506.90
2008	16	1280.00	1368.13	-88.13	6,418.77
2009	31	1503.05	25.00	1478.05	7,896.82

2010	18	469.00	0.00	469.00	8,365.82
2011	30	159.00	1399.91	-1240.91	7124.91
2012	19	108.00	239.36	-131.36	593.55
2013	26	110.00	235.00	-125.00	468.55
2014	91	969.55	702.53	267.02	735.57

### TAXA ADDED TO THE MIL DURING 2014

Those with an asterisk were named new or newly recognized since Wilson and Reeder (2005)

#### New families

- |                      |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Anomaluridae      | 5. Mystacinidae    |
| 2. Ctenodactylidae   | 6. Nandiniidae     |
| 3. Eupleridae        | 7. Petromuridae    |
| 4. Hysiprymodontidae | 8. Prionodontidae* |

#### New genera

- |                           |                          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. <i>Allenopithecus</i>  | 25. <i>Hyemoschus</i>    |
| 2. <i>Amblysomus</i>      | 26. <i>Hypogeomys</i>    |
| 3. <i>Anomalurus</i>      | 27. <i>Hysiprymnodon</i> |
| 4. <i>Arctogalidia</i>    | 28. <i>Indri</i>         |
| 5. <i>Bettongia</i>       | 29. <i>Lasiorhinus</i>   |
| 6. <i>Catopuma</i>        | 30. <i>Lutrogale</i>     |
| 7. <i>Cephalorhynchus</i> | 31. <i>Mungotictis</i>   |
| 8. <i>Chiropotes</i>      | 32. <i>Mystacina</i>     |
| 9. <i>Cryptoprocta</i>    | 33. <i>Nandinia</i>      |
| 10. <i>Ctenodactylus</i>  | 34. <i>Neodon</i>        |
| 11. <i>Cuon</i>           | 35. <i>Oryctolagus</i>   |
| 12. <i>Dactylopsila</i>   | 36. <i>Osgoodomys</i>    |
| 13. <i>Echinosorex</i>    | 37. <i>Pagophilus</i>    |
| 14. <i>Eliomys</i>        | 38. <i>Paguma</i>        |
| 15. <i>Erignathus</i>     | 39. <i>Paracynictis</i>  |
| 16. <i>Exilisciurus</i>   | 40. <i>Parotomys</i>     |
| 17. <i>Funambulus</i>     | 41. <i>Pelea</i>         |
| 18. <i>Galago</i>         | 42. <i>Petromus</i>      |
| 19. <i>Galidia</i>        | 43. <i>Piliocolobus</i>  |
| 20. <i>Gymnobelideus</i>  | 44. <i>Presbytis</i>     |
| 21. <i>Hapalemur</i>      | 45. <i>Prionodon</i>     |
| 22. <i>Hemigalus</i>      | 46. <i>Prosciurillus</i> |
| 23. <i>Herpestes</i>      | 47. <i>Protoxerus</i>    |
| 24. <i>Hydrictis</i>      |                          |

#### New species

1. *Arctocephalus australis*
2. *Allenopithecus nigroviridis*
3. *Amblysomus hottentotus*
4. *Anomalurus beecrofti*
5. *Anomalurus derbianus*
6. *Apodemus gurkha*
7. *Arctogalidia trivirgata*
8. *Balaenoptera edeni*
9. *Bettongia penicillata*
10. *Callosciurus caniceps*
11. *Callosciurus finlaysonii*
12. *Callosciurus nigrovittatus*
13. *Capra walie*
14. *Catopuma temminckii*
15. *Cephalophus harveyi*
16. *Cephalophus hooki*
17. *Cephalorhynchus heavisidii*
18. *Cercopithecus erythrogaster*
19. *Cercopithecus mona*
20. *Chalinolobus tuberculatus*
21. *Chiropotes chiropotes*
22. *Chlorocebus tantalus*
23. *Colobus vellerosus*
24. *Cryptoprocta ferox*
25. *Cryptotis venezuelensis\**
26. *Ctenodactylus gundi*
27. *Cuon alpinus*
28. *Dactylopsila trivirgata*
29. *Damaliscus topi*
30. *Dendrohyrax arboreus*
31. *Echinosorex gymnura*
32. *Elephantulus intufi*
33. *Eliomys myoxinus*
34. *Erignathus barbatus*
35. *Eubalaena australis*
36. *Exilisciurus exilis*
37. *Funambulus palmarum*
38. *Funambulus pennantii*
39. *Galago moholi*
40. *Galerella pulverulenta*
41. *Galidia elegans*
42. *Gymnobelideus leadbeateri*
43. *Haplemur griseus*
44. *Hemigalus derbyanus*
45. *Herpestes edwardsii*
46. *Herpestes fuscus*
47. *Herpestes ichneumon*
48. *Herpestes javanicus*
49. *Herpestes smithii*
50. *Hydrictis maculicollis*
51. *Hyemoschus aquaticus*
52. *Hystrix brachyura*
53. *Hypogeomys antimena*
54. *Hypsiprymnodon moschatus*
55. *Indri indri*
56. *Kobus vardonii*
57. *Lasiorhinus latifrons*
58. *Lasiurus intermedius*
59. *Leptonycteris yerbabuenae*
60. *Lepus habessinicus*
61. *Lepus nigricollis*
62. *Lepus saxatilis*
63. *Lepus starcki*
64. *Lontra longicaudus*
65. *Loxodonta cyclotis*
66. *Lutrogale perspicillata*
67. *Marmosops ocellatus*
68. *Marmota baibacina*
69. *Marmota himalayana*
70. *Marmota vancouverensis*
71. *Martes zibellina*
72. *Microcebus rufus*
73. *Microtus oregoni*
74. *Microtus richardsoni*
75. *Mungotictis decemlineata*
76. *Myotis punicus*
77. *Mystacina tuberculata*
78. *Nandinia binotata*
79. *Nasua nasua*
80. *Neodon sikimensis*
81. *Ochotona macrotis*
82. *Ochotona roylei*
83. *Oryctolagus cuniculus*
84. *Osgoodomys banderanus*
85. *Otolemur garnettii*
86. *Pagophilus groenlandicus*
87. *Paguma larvata*
88. *Papio cynocephalus*

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|-------------------------------------|--|
| 89. <i>Paraxerus ochraceus</i>      | 109. <i>Pteropus giganteus</i>         |
| 90. <i>Paraxerus palliatus</i>      | 110. <i>Ratufa bicolor</i>             |
| 91. <i>Paracynictis selousi</i>     | 111. <i>Ratufa indica</i>              |
| 92. <i>Paradoxurus jerdoni</i>      | 112. <i>Ratufa macroura</i>            |
| 93. <i>Paradoxurus montanus</i>     | 113. <i>Redunca fulvorufula</i>        |
| 94. <i>Parotomys brantsii</i>       | 114. <i>Rhinolophus euryale</i>        |
| 95. <i>Pelea capreolus</i>          | 115. <i>Rhinolophus mehelyi</i>        |
| 96. <i>Peromyscus keeni</i>         | 116. <i>Rhombomys opimus</i>           |
| 97. <i>Petaurista alborufus</i>     | 117. <i>Sciurus lis</i>                |
| 98. <i>Petaurista petaurista</i>    | 118. <i>Semnopithecus dussumieri</i>   |
| 99. <i>Petromus typicus</i>         | 119. <i>Sorex trowbridgii</i>          |
| 100. <i>Piliocolobus kirkii</i>     | 120. <i>Suncus montanus</i>            |
| 101. <i>Platyrrhinus lineatus</i>   | 121. <i>Sus salvanius</i>              |
| 102. <i>Presbytis mitrata</i>       | 122. <i>Tachyoryctes macrocephalus</i> |
| 103. <i>Prionodon linsang</i>       | 123. <i>Tamandus tetradactyla</i>      |
| 104. <i>Propithecus diadema</i>     | 124. <i>Tamiops mccllellandii</i>      |
| 105. <i>Prosciurillus murinus</i>   | 125. <i>Thylamys karimii</i>           |
| 106. <i>Protoxerus stangeri</i>     | 126. <i>Trachypithecus vetulus</i>     |
| 107. <i>Pteropus alecto</i>         | 127. <i>Tupaia minor</i>               |
| 108. <i>Pteropus conspicillatus</i> | 128. <i>Zalophus wollebaeki</i>        |

**DESIDERATA LIST, January 2015**  
**MAMMAL IMAGES LIBRARY**  
**AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MAMMALOGISTS**  
The following taxa are not represented in the library.

**Orders**

Order Notoryctemorphia: 1 family, 1 genus, 2 species: *Notoryctes*, marsupial moles

**Families not in that order**

**The MIL does not have images of any genera in these families.**

1. Calomyscidae (Rodentia): formerly in Muridae or Cricetinae (hamsters): *Calomyscus*, mouse-like hamsters
2. Chaeropodidae (Marsupialia: Peramelemorphia): *Chaeropus ecaudatus*, Pig-footed Bandicoot
3. Diatomyidae (Rodentia): *Laonastes aenigmamus*, Laotian Rock-rat or Kha-nyou
4. Iniidae (Cetacea): *Inia*, Amazon River dolphins
5. Lipotidae (Cetacea): *Lipotes vexillifer*, Baiji
6. Myzopodidae (Chiroptera): *Myzopoda aurita*, Sucker-footed Bat
7. Neobalaenidae (Cetacea), *Caperea marginata*, Pygmy Right Whale
8. Platacanthomyidae (Rodentia: ), tree mice
9. Platanistidae (Cetacea): *Platanista*, Indian river dolphins
10. Pontoporiidae (Cetacea): *Pontoporia blainvillei*, Franciscana
11. Pseudocheiridae (Marsupialia: Diprotodontia): ring-tailed possums
12. Ptilocercidae (Scandentia): *Ptilocercus lowii*, Pen-tailed Treeshrew

13. Rhinopomatidae (Chiroptera): *Rhinopoma*, mouse-tailed bats
14. Solenodontidae (Soricomorpha): solenodons
15. Thryonomyidae (Rodentia): *Thryonomys*, cane rats
16. Thylacinidae (Marsupialia: Dasyuromorpha): *Thylacinus cynocephalus*, Marsupial Wolf

#### Other Genera

Genera not in the order or families above or in either Rodentia or Chiroptera that are not represented in the MIL. If the genus has only one species, its name is given.

1. *Aepyprymnus rufescens* (Diprotodontia: Potoroidae), Rufous Rat-Kangaroo
2. *Allocebus trichotis* (Primates: Cheirogaleidae), Hairy-eared Dwarf Lemur
3. *Ammodorcas clarkei* (Artiodactyla: Bovidae), Dibatag (Clarke's Gazelle)
4. *Anathana ellioti* (Scandentia: Tupaiidae), Madras Treeshrew
5. *Anourosorex* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), mole shrews
6. *Arctocebus* (Primates: Lorisidae) angwantibos
7. *Avahi* (Primates: Indridae), woolly lemurs
8. *Bdeogale* (Carnivora: Herpestidae), mongooses
9. *Berardius* (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), beaked whales
10. *Blarinella* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), short-tailed shrews
11. *Brachylagus idahoensis* (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), Pygmy Rabbit
12. *Brachyteles* (Primates: Atelidae), muriquis
13. *Burrarnys parvus* (Diprotodontia: Burrarnyidae), Mountain Pygmy Possum
14. *Calcochloris* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
15. *Caloprymnus campestris* (Diprotodontia: Potoroidae), Desert Rat-kangaroo
16. *Caluromysiops irrupta* (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Black-shouldered Opossum
17. *Calypotophractus retusus* (Cingulata: Dasypodidae), Greater Fairy Armadillo
18. *Caprolagus hispidus* (Lagomorpha, Leporidae), Hispid Hare
19. *Carpitalpa arendsi* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), Arend's Golden Mole
20. *Chaetophractus* (Cingulata: Dasypodidae), hairy armadillos
21. *Chimarrogale* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), water shrews
22. *Chlorotalpa* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
23. *Chodsigoa* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), shrews
24. *Chrysochloris* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
25. *Congosorex* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Congo shrews
26. *Cryptochloris* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
27. *Cynocephalus volans* (Dermoptera: Cynocephalidae), Philippine Flying Lemur
28. *Cynogale bennettii* (Carnivora: Viverridae), Otter Civet
29. *Cystophora cristata* (Carnivora: Phocidae), Hooded Seal
30. *Dasyercus cristicauda* (Dasyuromorpha: Dasyuridae), Mulgara
31. *Dasykaluta rosamondae* (Dasyuromorpha: Dasyuridae), Little Red Kaluta
32. *Dendrogale* (Scandentia: Tupaiidae), smooth-tailed treeshrews
33. *Desmana moschata* (Soricomorpha: Erinaceidae), Desman
34. *Diplogale hosei* (Carnivora: Viverridae), Hose's Palm Civet
35. *Diplomesodon pulchellum* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Piebald Shrew
36. *Distoechurus pennatus* (Diprotodontia: Acrobatidae), Feather-tailed Possum
37. *Dologale dybowskii* (Carnivora: Herpestidae), Pousargues's Mongoose
38. *Dorcopsis* (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), New Guinean forest wallabies

39. *Dorcopsulus* (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), New Guinean forest mountain wallabies
40. *Dusicyon australis* (Carnivora: Canidae), Falkland Islands Wolf
41. *Dymecodon pilirostris* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), True's Shrew Mole
42. *Echymipera* (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), New Guinean spiny bandicoots
43. *Episoriculus* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), brown-toothed shrews
44. *Eremitalpa granti* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), Grant's Golden Mole
45. *Erinaceus* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), hedgehogs
46. *Euoticus* (Primates: Galagidae), needle-clawed bushbabies
47. *Eupleres goudotii* (Carnivora: Eupleridae), Falanouc
48. *Euroscaptor* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), moles
49. *Felovia vae* (Rodentia: Ctenodactylidae), Felou Gundi
50. *Feresa attenuata* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Pygmy Killer Whale
51. *Feroculus feroculus* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Kelaart's Long-clawed Shrew
52. *Fossa fossana* (Carnivora : Eupleridae), Spotted Mongoose or Fanaloka
53. *Galemys pyrenaicus* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), Pyrenean Desman
54. *Galidictis* (Carnivora Eupleridae), Malagasy mongooses or vontsirias
55. *Geogale aurata* (Afrisoricida: Tenrecidae), Large-eared Tenrec
56. *Glironia venusta* (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Bushy-tailed Opossum
57. *Gymnobelideus leadbeateri* (Diprotodontia: Petauridae), Leadbeater's Possum
58. *Histriophoca fasciata* (Carnivora: Phocidae), Ribbon Seal
59. *Hyladelphys kalinowskii* (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Kalinowski's Mouse Opossum
60. *Hylomys* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), gymnures
61. *Hyperoodon* (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), bottlenose whales
62. *Ictonyx* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), polecats
63. *Idiurus* (Rodentia: Anomaluridae), scaly-tailed squirrels
64. *Indopacetus pacificus* (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), Tropical Bottlenose Whale
65. *Lagenodelphis hosei* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Fraser's Dolphin
66. *Lagorchestes* (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), hare-wallabies
67. *Lestodelphys halli* (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Patagonian Opossum
68. *Liberiictis kuhni* (Carnivora: Herpestidae), Liberian Mongoose
69. *Limnogale mergulus* (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), Web-footed Tenrec
70. *Lutra* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), otters
71. *Lyncodon patagonicus* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), Patagonian Weasel
72. *Macrogalidia musschenbroekii* (Carnivora: Viverridae), Sulawesi Palm Civet
73. *Massoutiera mzabi* (Rodentia: Ctenodactylidae), Mzab Gundi
74. *Megasorex gigas* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Mexican Shrew
75. *Meles* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), badgers
76. *Melogale* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), ferret-badgers
77. *Mesechinus* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), hedgehogs
78. *Micromurexia habbema* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Habbema Dasyure
79. *Microperoryctes* (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), bandicoots
80. *Micropotamogale* (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), otter shrews
81. *Mirza coquereli* (Primates: Cheirogaleidae), Giant Mouse Lemur
82. *Mogera* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), moles
83. *Monodon monoceros* (Cetacea: Monodontidae), Narwhal

84. *Moschiola meminna* (Artiodactyla: Tragulidae), Indian Spotted Chevrotain
85. *Murexechinus melanurus* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Black-tailed Dasyure
86. *Murexia longicaudata* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Short-furred Dasyure
87. *Mydaus* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), stink badgers
88. *Myoictis* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), dasyures
89. *Nasuella olivacea* (Carnivora: Procyonidae), Mountain Coati
90. *Neamblysomus* (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
91. *Nectogale elegans* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Elegant Water Shrew
92. *Neohylomys hainanensis* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), Hainan Gymnure
93. *Neophascogale lorentzi* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Speckled Dasyure
94. *Neophoca cinerea* (Carnivora: Otariidae), Australian Sealion
95. *Neophocaena phocaenoides* (Cetacea: Phocoenidae), Finless Porpoise
96. *Neotetracus sinensis* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), Shrew Gymnure
97. *Nesolagus* (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), striped rabbits
98. *Ningau* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), ningauis
99. *Notiosorex* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), gray shrews
100. *Onychogalea* (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), nail-tailed wallabies
101. *Orcaella brevirostris* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Irrawady Dolphin
102. *Oryzorictes* (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), rice tenrecs
103. *Pantholops hodgsonii* (Artiodactyla: Bovidae), Chiru
104. *Paracrocidura* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), large-headed shrews
105. *Paraechinus* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), hedgehogs
106. *Paramurexia rothschildi* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Broad-striped Dasyure
107. *Parantechinus apicalis* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Southern Dibbler
108. *Parascaptor leucura* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), White-tailed Mole
109. *Pectinator spekei* (Rodentia: Ctenodactylidae), Speke's Pectinator
110. *Pentalagus furnessi* (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), Amami Rabbit
111. *Peponocephala electra* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Melon-headed Whale
112. *Perameles* (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), bandicoots
113. *Peroryctes* (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), bandicoots
114. *Phaner* (Primates: Cheirogaleidae), fork-crowned lemurs
115. *Phascogale* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), phascogales
116. *Phascolosorex* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), marsupial shrews
117. *Phascomurexia naso* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Long-nosed Dasyure
118. *Phocarctos hookeri* (Carnivora: Otariidae), New Zealand Sealion
119. *Podogymnura* (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), gymnures
120. *Poecilogale albinucha* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), African Striped Weasel
121. *Poelagus marjorita* (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), Bunyoro Rabbit
122. *Poiana* (Carnivora: Viverridae), linsangs
123. *Potamogale velox* (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), Giant Otter Shrew
124. *Procapra* (Artiodactyla: Bovidae), gazelles
125. *Procolobus verus* (Primates: Cercopithecidae), Olive Colobus
126. *Profelis aurata* (Carnivora: Felidae), African Golden Cat
127. *Pronolagus* (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), red rock hares
128. *Pseudantechinus* (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), false antechinuses
129. *Pseudopotto martini* (Primates: Lorisidae), False Potto



130. *Rhynchogale melleri* (Carnivora: Herpestidae), Meller's Mongoose
131. *Rhyncholepes prattorum* (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), Seram Bandicoot
132. *Rungwecebus kipunji* (Primates: Cercopithecidae), Highland Mangabey
133. *Ruwenzorisorex suncooides* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Ruwenzori Shrew
134. *Salanoia concolor* (Carnivora: Eupleridae), Brown-tailed Mongoose or Vontsira
135. *Scapanulus oweni* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), Gansu Mole
136. *Scaptochirus moschatus* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), Short-faced Mole
137. *Scaptonyx fusicaudus* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), Long-tailed Mole
138. *Scutisorex somereni* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Armored Shrew
139. *Setifer setosus* (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), Greater Hedgehog Tenrec
140. *Simias concolor* (Primates: Cercopithecidae), Simakobou
141. *Solisorex pearsoni* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Pearson's Long-clawed Shrew
142. *Soriculus nigrescens* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Himalayan Shrew
143. *Sotalia fluviatilis* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Tucuxi
144. *Sousa* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), humpbacked dolphins
145. *Steno bredanensis* (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Rough-toothed Dolphin
146. *Strigocuscus* (Diprotodontia: Phalangeridae), cuscuses
147. *Surdisorex* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), mole shrews
148. *Sylvisorex* (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), forest shrews
149. *Tasmacetus shepherdi* (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), Shephard's Beaked Whale
150. *Tlacuatzin canescens* (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Gray Mouse Opossum
151. *Urogale everetti* (Scandentia: Tupaiidae), Mindanao Treeshrew
152. *Uropsilus* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), shrew moles
153. *Urotrichus talpoides* (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), Japanese Shrew Mole
154. *Viverra* (Carnivora: Viverridae), civets
155. *Vormela peregusna* (Carnivora: Mustelidae), Marbled Polecat
156. *Wyulda squamicaudata* (Diprotodontia: Phalangeridae), Scaly-tailed Possum
157. *Zaedyus pichi* (Cingulata: Dasypodidae), Pichi
158. *Zaglossus* (Monotremata: Tachyglossidae), long-beaked echidnas
159. *Zenkerella insignis* (Rodentia: Anomaluridae), Cameroon Scaly-tail
160. *Ziphius cavirostris* (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), Cuvier's Beaked Whale

**Action Items:** None.

**Respectfully submitted,**  
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